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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/092,571		03/08/2002	Sydney Devlin Stanners	2564	
26123	7590	09/13/2006		EXAMINER	
		R GERVAIS LLP	MOONEYHAM, JANICE A		
WORLD EX		E PLAZA Γ SUITE 1100	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
OTTAWA,			3629		
CANADA			DATE MAILED: 09/13/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commons	10/092,571	STANNERS, SYDNEY DEVLIN					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Janice A. Mooneyham	3629					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 M	arch 2002.						
	action is non-final.						
,							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	·						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>108</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> are subject to restriction and/or ele	ection requirement						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	· •	ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	, ,,						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)						

Election/Restrictions

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-2, drawn to prescription form, classified in class 705, subclass 1.
- II. Claims 3-4, drawn to a bar code scanning apparatus, classified in class235, subclass 462.
- III. Claim 5, drawn to a software program that converts a brand name drug to an illustrated generic format, classified in class705, subclass 1.
- IV. Claim 6, drawn to an illustrated gummed label, classified in class 705, subclass 1.
- V. Claim 7, drawn to a software program that bar codes and prints a label,classified in class 705, subclass 1.
- VI. Claim 8, drawn to a checklist, classified in class 705, subclass 1.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a prescription form and a bar code scanner which have different functions and effects.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group I is not required for Group II, and because the

inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a prescription form and a software program that converts a brand name drug to an illustrated generic format.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group I is not required for Group III, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions I and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a prescription form and an illustrated gum label.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group I is not required for Group IV, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions I and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs,

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modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are prescriptions forms and a checklist.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group I is not required for Group V, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions a bar code scanning apparatus and a software program that converts a brand name drug to an illustrated generic format.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group II is not required for Group III, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions II and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a bar code scanning apparatus and an illustrated gummed label.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group II is not required for Group IV, and because the

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inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions II and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a bar code scanning apparatus and a software program that bar codes and prints a label.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group II is not required for Group V, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions II and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a bar code scanning apparatus and a checklist.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group II is not required for Group VI, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

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different inventions are a software program that converts a brand name drug to an illustrated generic format and an illustrated gummed label.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group III is not required for Group IV, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a software program that converts a brand name drug to an illustrated generic format and a software program that bar codes and prints a label.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group III is not required for Group V, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions III and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are a software program that converts a brand name drug to an illustrated generic format and a checklist.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group III is not required for Group VI, and because the

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inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are an illustrated gummed label and a software program that bar codes and prints a label.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group IV is not required for Group V, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions IV and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions an illustrated gummed label and a checklist.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group IV is not required for Group VI, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Inventions V and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

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different inventions are a software program that bar codes and prints a label and a checklist.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above, because the search for Group V is not required for Group VI, and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Janice A. Mooneyham whose telephone number is (571) 272-6805. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on (571) 272-6812. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jan Mooneyham

Primary Patent Examiner

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